

Water and soap

Soap is one of the most effective cleaning agents and first line of defense when cleaning and disinfecting any surface. Here we present two solutions depending on whether a sofa cover is removable or not.

Fixed covers

1. Before cleaning with soap and water, remove dust and dirt with the vacuum cleaner.
2. Prepare a solution with water and neutral soap.
3. Lightly spray the fabric's surface at 20/30 cm and gently rub with a clean cloth.
4. Wipe with clean water to remove soap residues.
5. Let dry and do not use the upholstery until it is completely dry.



Loose covers

1. Remove fillings from the cushion cover.
2. Wash the cover inside out with the zipper closed (when the sofa cover uses Velcro instead of a zipper apply a protective cloth or strip over the Velcro to avoid damage to the fabric).
3. Use neutral detergents and do not use softener.
4. Wash at the recommended temperature (in case of doubt, wash at 30° C), using a gentle cycle.
5. Use minimal centrifugation (800 rpm).
6. Do not wash together with other fabrics or garments and do not load the washing machine excessively.
7. Let dry at room temperature.



Attention: not all fabrics can be machine-washed, please consult our fabric chart on page 6/7. Do also check the recommended washing temperature for each fabric on our website.

Water and alcohol

Alcohol dissolved in water, in a concentration of 75% alcohol and 25% water, is very effective against microbes in our upholstery. The upholstery can only be disinfected with alcohol in the case of fixed covers. Machine-washing with alcohol is not permitted.

Fixed covers

1. Before cleaning with alcohol and water, remove dust and dirt with the vacuum cleaner.
2. Prepare a 3:1 alcohol-water solution (3 parts of alcohol and one part of water).
3. Lightly spray the surface of the fabric at 20/30 cm without rubbing the solution into the upholstery (only when necessary, wipe gently with a clean cloth).
4. Let the alcohol work during 15 minutes and rub dry with a clean cloth.

Notice: do not excessively or repeatedly use the cleaning solution with alcohol. Frequent cleaning with alcohol may damage the fabric.



1. Dry wash

In the event that an upholstery fabric, as indicated by its technical specifications, cannot be washed at home, or if a more rigorous cleaning is required, there is the option of professional cleaning with solvents like tetrachloroethylene. Dry cleaning can only be carried out by authorized professional cleaners.

Attention: not all fabrics can be dry-cleaned with solvents, consult our fabric chart on page 6/7.



2. Wet cleaning

In the event that an upholstery fabric, as indicated by its technical specifications, cannot be washed at home, or if a more rigorous cleaning is required, there is the option of professional cleaning with biodegradable detergents, that in comparison with dry clean solvents have a lesser environmental impact.

Attention: not all fabrics can be wet-cleaned, consult our fabric chart on page 6/7.

